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SHANGHAI INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDIES

EXPLORATORY ROUND TABLE CONFERENCES

6th Exploratory Round Table Conference
**Big Data in the
Natural Sciences and Humanities**
Shanghai, November 19th to 21st, 2015



Cover image: Tag cloud of Big Data for the sciences © WordItOut.com



Exploratory Round Table Conferences of the Chinese Academy of Sciences and the Max-Planck-Gesellschaft

Exploratory Round Table Conferences or ERTC are a joint activity of the Chinese Academy of Sciences (**CAS**) and the Max-Planck-Gesellschaft (**MPG**) under the auspices of the Shanghai Institute of Advanced Studies (**SIAS**).

ERTC are intended to provide a platform for scientists of both **MPG** and **CAS** to exchange ideas and reflect on opportunities of newly emerging research areas together with the respective international key players at an early stage of these evolving fields. The main objective of the project is to act as a seed towards establishing new topical areas as part of a priority-setting process at the leading edge of science in the supporting organisations **CAS** and **MPG**. Moreover, the reports of the **ERTC** will be widely communicated to both science policy makers as well as to the general scientific community. **ERTC** are to be held at Shanghai in the premises of **SIAS** at least once a year.

MPG and CAS have maintained an exclusive partnership for over 30 years. The SIAS is an Institute of the CAS Shanghai Branch and was founded in 2001 with the support of the MPG as a hub for interdisciplinary and international dialogue.

Each ERTC has a total duration of 3-6 months for preparation and follow-up. The topic of the 6th meeting will be Big Data in the Natural Sciences and Humanities, including the following subthemes:

- **Big Data in Biomedicine**
- **Big Data in Physics, Chemistry and Earth Science**
- **Big Data in the Humanities and Social Sciences**
- **Technology Underlying Big Data**

ERTC on Big Data in the Natural Sciences and Humanities

Big Data has become a ubiquitous notion in recent years. Technological developments, in particular in informatics and high-throughput approaches, have revolutionized data generation in all fields of science. As a consequence, researchers in almost all areas of science face new and unforeseen challenges: Gathering data is so easy and quick that it exceeds by far the capacity to validate, analyze, visualize, store, and curate all the information. Tackling this challenge will without doubt lead to unprecedented data-driven scientific discoveries.

In the field of biomedicine, the dramatic advances in technologies that can be summed up as omics, such as high throughput DNA-sequencing, lead to vast amounts of data at dramatically plummeting costs. This revolution in biomedical research raises high expectations as to the increase of knowledge, understanding of health and disease, and eventually the development of powerful therapies to treat thus far incurable diseases such as cancer or depression, in a personalized and precise fashion.

Such data-driven methods are revolutionizing not only drug design and drug discovery. Regarding chemistry and materials science, Big Data techniques in combination with computational modeling facilitate analyzing the vast space of yet unexplored compounds and materials - thus complementing and in several cases even replacing experiments. This high-throughput screening needs to be combined with novel big-data analytics tools, which then enables the identification of new scientific phenomena, advances materials science and engineering, and predicts materials with technologically relevant properties and functions.

Last but not least, the analysis of large volumes of data opens up new avenues of research in the field of the humanities and social sciences. The wealth of data which is already born digital as well as mass digitizing existing analog data allow to answer complex questions that were previously unanswerable. Analyzing the development and diffusion of knowledge, modeling cultural evolution, and predicting human behavior are just some of the challenges that lie ahead.

Big Data requires innovative technologies to efficiently process large quantities of data within tolerable elapsed times. Machine learning is one of today's most rapidly growing technical fields lying at the core of data science and artificial intelligence, indispensable for analyzing and classifying data. This development also provides challenges for theory-building. Whereas data mostly exhibit correlations and statistical dependencies, theory provides causal relationships. The interplay between data mining and theory building is an important issue, as Big Data continues to pervade scientific and private life. Furthermore, data capture both in the health segment and in daily life can pose a severe threat to privacy, as individuals are increasingly divulging data relating to individual behavior and performance.

This ERTC aims at elaborating a critical review of the presently existing ideas, strategies and aspirations of Big Data science. The results of the ERTC will serve as a basis for further consideration by CAS and MPG regarding research in this field.

Point cloud of the only modern building survey of the Pantheon in Rome
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Invited Speakers and Participants

Alessandro DE VITA (King's College London, UK)

Michael BACKES (Saarland University, Germany)

Bi Jun (Nanjing University, China)

CHENG Xueqi (Institute of Computing Technology, CAS, China)

Linda DIVARCI (Max Planck Institute for the History of Science, Germany)

Roland EILS (University Heidelberg, Germany)

Gerd GRASSHOFF (Humboldt University of Berlin, Germany)

GUO Huadong (Institute of Remote Sensing and Digital Earth, CAS, China)

Moritz HELMSTAEDTER (Max Planck Institute for Brain Research, Germany)

HUANG Cui (Tsinghua University, China)

JIANG Hualiang (Shanghai Institute of Materia Medica, CAS, China)

Manfred LAUBICHLER (Arizona State University, USA)

Thomas LENGAUER (Max Planck Institute for Informatics, Germany)

Li Hong (Institute of Physics, CAS, China)

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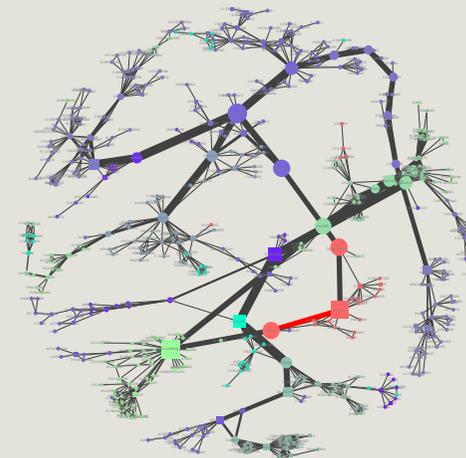
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Connectivity between scholars at various research institutes, based on co-authorship in 1973 © MPI for the History of Science